

Name: _____

Exam 2 – MAD 2104H

Directions: Make sure to show any necessary work to receive full credit. If you need extra space please use the extra sheet with appropriate labeling. **TW** means the FOL of Tarski's World

- (1) Determine whether the following argument is valid or not. If it is, supply a Fitch proof. If it is not valid, supply appropriate sentences and a model in **TW**. You may use **Taut Con** but only to establish an instance of the Law of Excluded Middle.

1. $\neg(A \rightarrow B)$

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21. $A \wedge \neg B$

- (2) Determine whether the following argument is valid or not. If it is, supply a Fitch proof. If it is not valid, supply appropriate sentences and a model in **TW**. You may use **Taut Con** but only to establish an instance of the Law of Excluded Middle.

1. $A \rightarrow (B \rightarrow C)$

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8. $(A \wedge B) \rightarrow C$

- (3) Determine whether the following argument is valid or not. If it is, supply a Fitch proof. If it is not valid, supply appropriate sentences and a model in **TW**. You may use **Taut Con** but only to establish an instance of the Law of Excluded Middle.

1. $\text{Cube}(a) \vee \text{Cube}(b)$

2. $\neg (\text{Cube}(c) \wedge \text{Cube}(b))$

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7.

8. $\neg \text{Cube}(c)$

- (4) Evaluate the following argument's validity. If it is valid, construct a Fitch proof to show this. If you need to use **Ana Con**, use it only to derive \perp from atomic sentences. You may use Taut Con but only cite at most two sentences at a time. If the argument is invalid, you should construct a counterexample world in the space provided.

1. **Medium**(b) \vee **Large**(c)

2. **Medium**(b) \rightarrow **FrontOf**(a, b)

3. **Large**(c) \rightarrow **Tet**(c)

4.

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10. \neg **Tet**(c) \rightarrow **FrontOf**(a, b)

- (5) Given the conditional $P \rightarrow Q$ fill in the blanks to the following:

Inverse :

Converse:

Contrapositive:

What can be said about a conditional statement and its contrapositive? Be as specific as possible.

- (6) The following problem presents a formal argument. Determine if the argument is valid. If the argument is valid, supply a Fitch proof in the space provided. If the argument is not valid, supply a counterexample world using Tarski's World. You may use **Ana Con** but cite exactly two atomic sentences in support of an introduction of \perp . You may use **Taut Con** but only to justify an instance of the Law of Excluded Middle.

1. **Dodec**(b) \vee **Cube**(b)

2. **Small**(b) \vee **Medium**(b)

3. \neg (**Small**(b) \wedge **Cube**(b))

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21. **Medium**(b) \wedge **Dodec**(b)

- (7) Supply a Fitch proof for the following argument without premises. You may not use **Ana Con**. You may use **Taut Con** but only to establish a Law of Excluded Middle.

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24. $(\neg \mathbf{P} \wedge \neg \mathbf{Q}) \leftrightarrow \neg(\mathbf{P} \vee \mathbf{Q})$

(8) Supply a Fitch proof. However, you may not use \perp Elim nor **Taut Con**.

1. P

2. $\neg P$

3.

4.

5.

6.

7. Q

(9) Supply a counterexample to the following argument.

1. **Cube**(b) \leftrightarrow (**Cube**(a) \leftrightarrow **Cube**(c))

2. **Dodec**(b) $\rightarrow a \neq b$